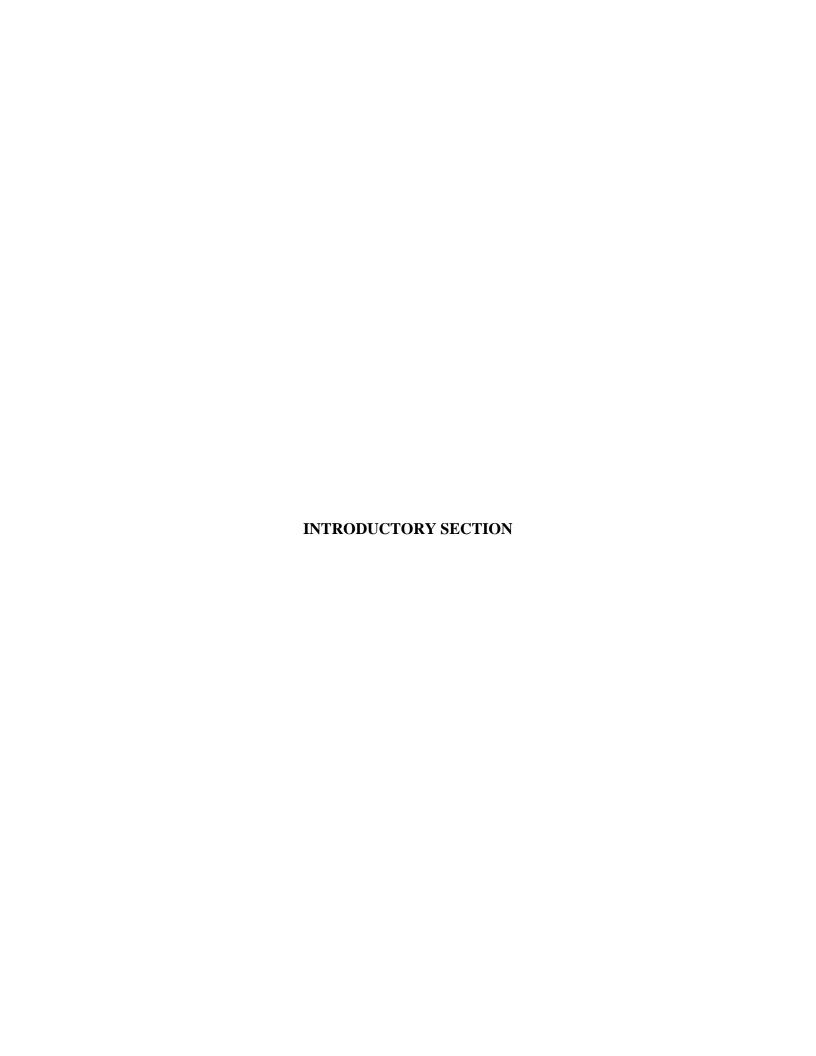
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introductory Section	Reference	<u>Page</u>
Organization Schedule		1
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position	Exhibit 1	13
Statement of Activities	Exhibit 2	14
Fund Financial Statements		
Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet	Exhibit 3	15
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		
to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities	Exhibit 4	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances	Exhibit 5	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to		
the Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	Exhibit 6	20
Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	Exhibit 7	21
Notes to the Financial Statements		22
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules		
General Fund	Schedule 1	50
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	Schedule 2	53
Human Services Special Revenue Fund	Schedule 3	54
Ditch Special Revenue Fund	Schedule 4	55
Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund	Schedule 5	56
Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan		
Schedule of Funding Progress	Schedule 6	57
Schedule of Employer Contributions	Schedule 7	58
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information		59
Supplementary Information		
Governmental Funds		
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Statement 1	63
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	_	
in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Statement 2	64

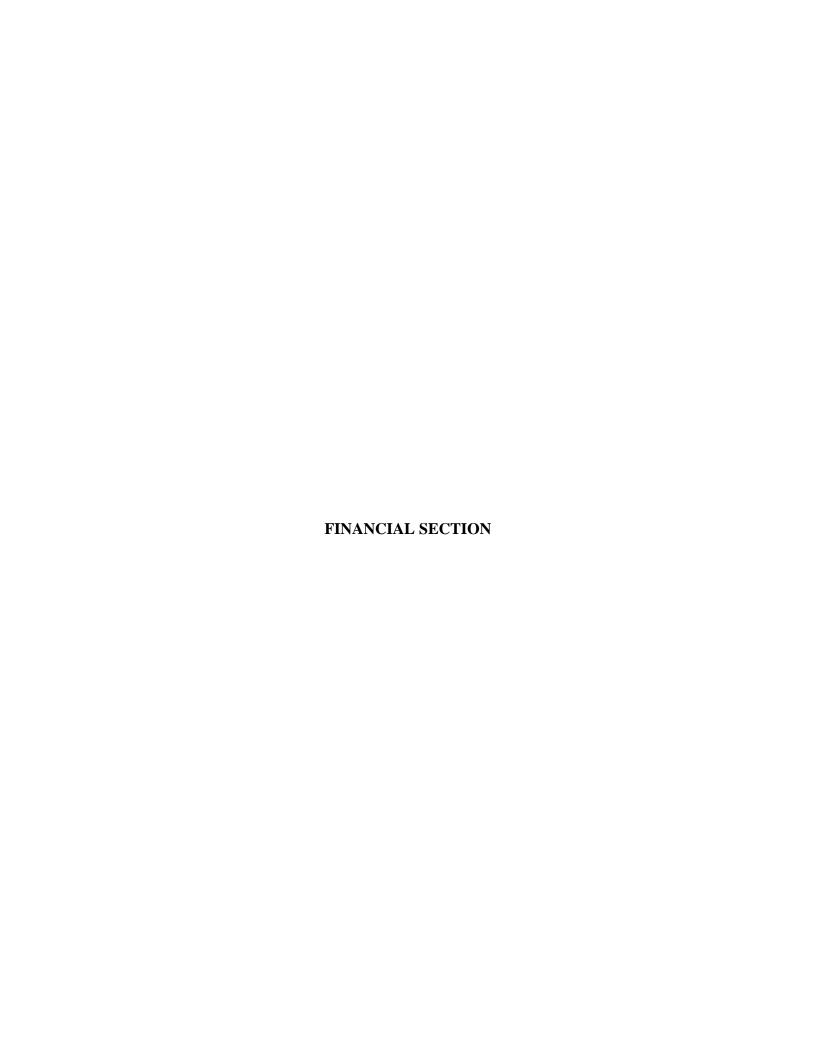
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Financial Section</u> (Continued)	Reference	<u>Page</u>
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	Statement 3	65
in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Statement 4	66
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	Statement 5	67
in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Statement 6	68
Forfeited Tax Sale Fund	Schedule 8	70
Solid Waste Fund	Schedule 9	71
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
Highway Capital Improvement Fund	Schedule 10	72
Law Enforcement Radio Fund	Schedule 11	73
Minimum Security Facility Fund	Schedule 12	74
Fiduciary Funds		
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position –		
All Agency Funds	Statement 7	75
1-11-1-18-11-19		, -
Other Schedules		
Balance Sheet – By Ditch – Ditch Special Revenue Fund	Schedule 13	78
Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	Schedule 14	80
Management and Compliance Section		
The state of the s		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	Schedule 15	81
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with		0.4
Governmental Auditing Standards		84
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report		
On the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133		86
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	Schedule 16	89
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		90



ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE DECEMBER 31, 2013

<u>Office</u>	<u>Name</u>	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1 st District	Donald Jensen	January 2017
2 nd District	Cody Hempel, Chair	January 2017
3 rd District	Neil Peterson	January 2015
4 th District	Darryl Tveitbakk	January 2015
5 th District	Oliver Swanson	January 2017
Officers		
Elected:		
Attorney	Alan Rogalla	January 2015
Auditor-Treasurer	Kenneth Olson	January 2015
Recorder	Kenneth Schmalz	January 2015
Sheriff	Ray Kuznia	January 2015
Appointed:		
Assessor	Adeline Olson	January 2017
Coroner	Sanjay Patel	January 2015
Highway Engineer	Michael Flaagan	May 2018
Human Services Director	Kenneth Yutrzenka	Indefinite
Solid Waste Officer	Howard Person	Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	Steve Stone	Indefinite



HOFFMAN, DALE, & SWENSON, PLLC



GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES

Colleen Hoffman, Manager Gordon Dale, CPA Audrey Swenson, CPA

1541 Hwy. 59 South
Thief River Falls, MN 56701
Phone: 218-681-4079
Fax: 218-681-4079
choffman@mncable.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Pennington County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pennington County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pennington County, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes I and II, Pennington County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, *Items Previously as Assets and Liabilities*, which required a change in accounting principles and resulted in adjustments to beginning net position. Our opinion in not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Accompanying Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pennington County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the supplementary information, and the other schedules section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and other schedules sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial

statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

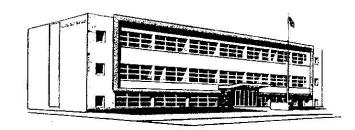
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Haffman, Dale, & Swenson

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 5, 2014, on our consideration of Pennington County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hoffman, Dale, & Swenson, PLLC

September 5, 2014



PENNINGTON COUNTY

101 Main Ave. No.; P.O. Box 616 Thief River Falls, MN 56701

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Unaudited)

The management of Pennington County offers readers of the County's Financial Statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Pennington County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides comparisons with the previous year and is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net position of governmental activities is \$64,524,992, of which \$50,713,080 is the net investment in capital assets, \$2,987,705 is restricted for specific purposes, and \$10,824,207 is unrestricted. The total net position of governmental activities increased by \$3,859,201 for the year ended December 31, 2013. This is attributed mainly to road construction funded by County State Aid Highway grants.

At the close of 2013, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,152,984, an increase of \$653,094, from the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$371,225 is non-spendable, \$1,898,858 is legally or contractually restricted, \$6,412,396 is formally committed for specific purposes, and \$3,470,505 is assigned for specific purposes. Maintaining an adequate fund balance is necessary to provide County services throughout the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Pennington County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

"Equal Opportunity Employer"

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, and economic development.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Pennington County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund-level financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports three governmental fund types: General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund, the Ditch Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two special revenue funds and the four debt service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is provided in combining statements after the notes to the financial statements.

Pennington County adopts annual budgets for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Pennington County's fiduciary funds consist of ten agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In addition, the Agency Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All fiduciary activities are reported in Statement 6, Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, All Agency Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 22 of this report.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. The County also provides supplementary and other information including combining statements, budgetary comparison schedules, a ditch balance sheet, and a schedule of intergovernmental revenue.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$64,524,992 at the close of 2013. The largest portion of the County's net position (approximately 79 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment). It should be noted that this amount is not available for future spending. Approximately five percent of the County's net position is restricted and 16 percent of the County's net position is unrestricted. The unrestricted net position amount of \$10,824,207, as of December 31, 2013, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens.

The County's overall financial position increased from last year. Total assets increased by \$4,554,978, from the prior year, due to completed highway construction projects added to infrastructure and various equipment purchases. Total liabilities increased by \$938,068, from the prior year, as a result of increased contracts payable and OPEB liability. This resulted in an increased net position of \$5,493,046 from the prior year.

NET POSITION

Prior period adjustment

Net position, December 31

Net position, January 1, as restated

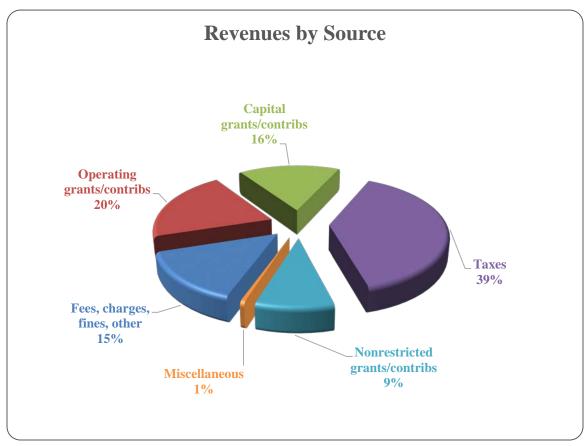
NET POSITION	Governmental Activities									
	2012									
		as restated		2013						
Current and other assets	\$	13,838,408	\$	15,314,092						
Capital assets		50,402,839		53,482,133						
Total assets	\$	64,241,247	\$	68,796,225						
Other liabilities	\$	3,998,694	\$	1,187,894						
Long-term liabilities outstanding		2,844,452		3,083,339						
Total liabilities	\$	6,843,146	\$	4,271,233						
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	48,361,723	\$	50,713,080						
Restricted		1,898,309		2,987,705						
Unrestricted		10,405,759		10,824,207						
Total net position	\$	60,665,791	\$	64,524,992						
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
		Governmen	tal Acti							
D.		2012	-	2013						
Revenues Program Revenues										
5	\$	2 221 129	¢	2 720 014						
Fees, charges, fines and other Operating grants and contributions	Ф	2,331,138 3,833,153	\$	2,730,914 3,822,154						
Capital grants and contributions		2,208,965		3,047,514						
General Revenues		2,200,903		3,047,314						
Taxes		6,946,579		7,344,943						
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		1,019,042		1,717,475						
Payments in lieu of taxes		34,024		37,393						
Investment earnings		29,603		37,331						
Total revenues	\$	16,402,504	\$	18,737,724						
Expenses										
General government	\$	2,314,163	\$	2,521,950						
Public safety		3,087,412		3,136,721						
Highways and streets		4,301,833		2,034,583						
Sanitation		51,828		75,957						
Human services		4,905,928		4,816,575						
Health		54,421		53,316						
Culture and recreation		209,478		224,341						
Conservation of natural resources		548,204		1,911,535						
Economic development		29,575		10,100						
Interest Total expenses	.	71,785	Ф.	93,445						
Total expenses	\$	15,574,627	\$	14,878,523						
Increase (decrease)	\$	827,877 58 204 060	\$	3,859,201						
Net assets, January 1, as previously reported		58,204,069		-						

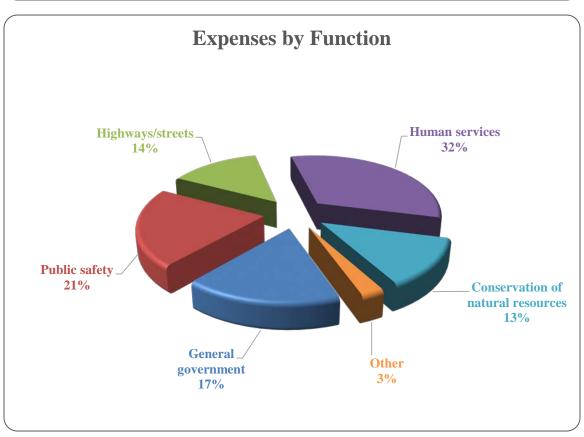
60,665,791

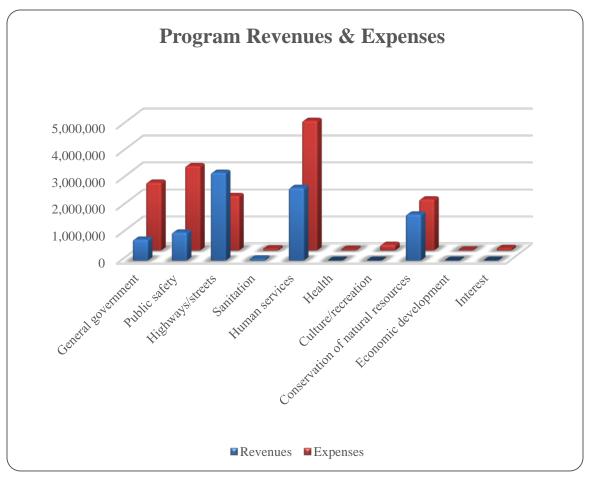
64,524,992

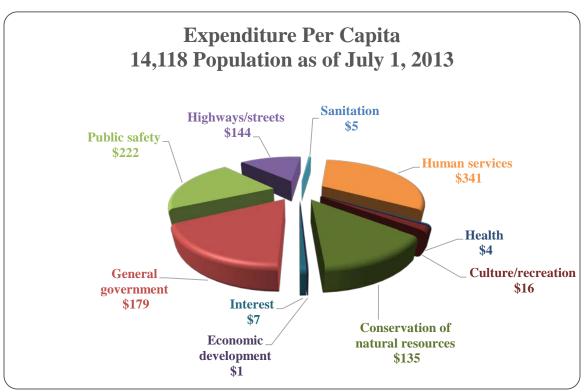
1,633,845

60,665,791









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, with a focus on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

At the end of 2013, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,152,984. Of this amount, approximately 3 percent constitutes non-spendable fund balance, 16 percent constitutes legally or contractually restricted fund balance, 53 percent constitutes formally committed fund balance, and 28 percent constitutes specifically assigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$5,211,661. The General Fund's restricted fund balance was \$765,132 and committed fund balance was \$4,446,529. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for 2013. Unrestricted fund balance represents 69 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 81 percent of that same amount.

In 2013, the fund balance amount in the General Fund increased by \$37,557, due to cuts in departmental spending.

The fund balance of the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund increased \$672,790 in 2013, due to the receipt of payments from County State Aid Highway funding.

The fund balance of the Human Services Special Revenue Fund increased \$235,391 from the prior year, due to a reduction in the number of out-of-home placements.

The fund balance of the Ditch Special Revenue Fund decreased \$190,657 from the prior year, due to the cost of two large Red Lake Watershed projects.

The fund balance of the Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund decreased \$172,629 from the prior year due to courthouse improvement projects.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was one amendment to the original budget as approved for 2013 consisting of an increase in expenditures for personnel services of \$64,596 due to the addition of an assistant County Attorney position.

Actual revenues were more than overall budgeted revenues by \$372,860, with the largest positive variances in intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Actual expenditures were less than overall final budgeted expenditures by \$62,516, primarily as a result of delayed capital outlay for public safety equipment.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2013 amounted to \$53,482,133 (net of accumulated depreciation). The total increase in the County's investment in capital

assets for the current fiscal year was less than one percent. This was primarily due to completed highway projects added to infrastructure and various equipment purchases.

Land Construction in progress Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets	Governmental Activities											
		2013	2012									
Land	\$	464,569	\$	464,569								
Construction in progress		1,803,733		-								
Infrastructure		48,068,388		47,169,000								
Buildings and improvements		1,667,029		1,625,827								
Machinery and equipment		1,478,414		1,143,443								
		_										
Total capital assets	\$	53,482,133	\$	50,402,839								

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$2,757,802 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

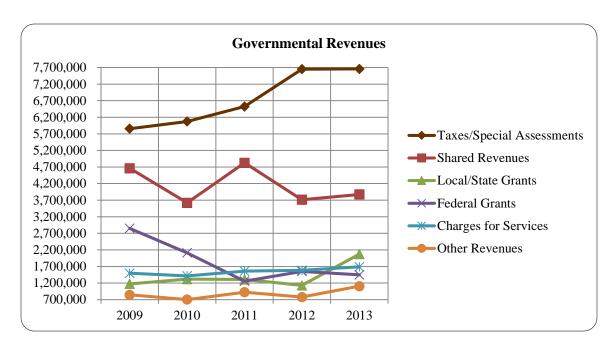
	Governmen	nental Activities				
	 2013		2012			
General Obligation Bonds (net of discount) General Obligation Highway State-Aid Note	\$ 1,944,802 813,000	\$	1,140,116 901,000			
	\$ 2,757,802	\$	2,041,116			

The County's net increase in debt of \$716,686 or 36 percent during the fiscal year was attributable to the repayment of debt and the issuance of \$1,035,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2013. Minnesota Statutes limit the amount of debt that a County may have to three percent of its total market value, excluding revenue bonds. At the end of 2013, overall debt of the County is below the three percent debt limit.

Pennington County's bond rating is "AA-" from Standard & Poor's. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of Minnesota. Because of this dependency, the County is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities. The five-year analysis below focuses on the revenues of the County's governmental funds taken from Exhibit 5 and the Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue.



- The unemployment rate for Pennington County was 5.4 percent as of December 31, 2013. This is higher than the statewide rate of 4.7 percent and lower than the national average rate of 6.5 percent.
- Pennington County's population at July 1, 2013 was 14,118, an increase of 188 since 2010. This ranks Pennington County 59th of 87 in the State of Minnesota.
- On December 17, 2013, Pennington County set its 2014 revenue and expenditure budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Pennington County for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Kenneth Olson, Pennington County Auditor-Treasurer, P.O. Box 616, Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701.



EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	 Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 12,240,126
Taxes receivable - prior	234,397
Special assessments receivable - prior	10,346
Accounts receivable	73,720
Notes receivable	4,000
Accrued interest receivable	4,003
Due from other governments	1,393,613
Inventories	272,099
Special assessments - noncurrent	1,081,788
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	2,268,302
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation	 51,213,831
Total Assets	\$ 68,796,225
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable	\$ 304,745
Salaries payable	147,115
Contracts payable	89,613
Due to other governments	94,986
Accrued interest payable	32,202
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	819,282
Due in more than one year	 2,783,290
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,271,233
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 50,713,080
Amounts restricted for	
General government	292,866
Public safety	334,347
Highways and streets	1,350,236
Conservation of natural resources	640,312
Debt service	369,944
Unrestricted amounts	 10,824,207
Total Net Position	\$ 64,524,992

EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

					Net (Expense)					
	Expenses			s, Charges, s and Other	G	ram Revenues Degrating Frants and Intributions	G	Capital Frants and ntributions	R	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	2,521,950	\$	789,483	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,732,467)
Public safety		3,136,721		809,177		222,939		19,550		(2,085,055)
Highways and streets		2,034,583		256,746		1,257,283		1,748,037		1,227,483
Sanitation		75,957		15,673		55,950		-		(4,334)
Human services		4,816,575		626,421		2,076,039		-		(2,114,115)
Health		53,316		-		-		-		(53,316)
Culture and recreation		224,341		-		-		-		(224,341)
Conservation of natural resources		1,911,535		233,414		209,943		1,279,927		(188,251)
Economic development		10,100		-		-		-		(10,100)
Interest		93,445		-		-		-		(93,445)
Total governmental activities	\$	14,878,523	\$	2,730,914	\$	3,822,154	\$	3,047,514	\$	(5,277,941)
	Gen	eral revenues								
	Pr	operty taxes							\$	7,318,062
	Gr	ravel taxes								26,881
	Gr	ants and contrib	outions	not restricted to	o specif	fic programs				1,717,475
	Pa	yments in lieu o	of taxes							37,393
	In	vestment earnin	gs							37,331
	Т	otal general re	venues						\$_	9,137,142
		Change							\$	3,859,201
	Net	Net position - Janua			reporte	ed			\$	59,031,946
	Prio			1,633,845						
	position - Janu	ary 1, a	\$	60,665,791						
	Net	position - Dece	mber 3	1					\$	64,524,992

EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Special Revenue Funds										Other overnmental	Total		
	C	neral Fund	Dag	d and Duidae	11	Commisso		Ditch	T	Capital	(6)	Funds	Go	overnmental Funds	
		General Fund		Road and Bridge		Human Services		Ditcii	Improvement		(5)	tatement 1)	_	runus	
Assets															
Assets															
Cash and pooled investments	\$	4,950,120	\$	1,882,702	\$	1,735,818	\$	638,845	\$	1,956,117	\$	1,076,524	\$	12,240,126	
Taxes receivable - prior		116,250		39,783		69,906		-		-		8,458		234,397	
Special assessments receivable - prior		-		-		-		10,346		-		-		10,346	
Accounts receivable		41,747		18,935		-		-		9,750		3,288		73,720	
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		4,000		-		4,000	
Accrued interest receivable		4,003		-		-		-		-		-		4,003	
Due from other funds		109,020		1,775		-		-		-		-		110,795	
Due from other governments		288,394		925,392		178,463		1,364		-		-		1,393,613	
Inventories		-		272,099		-		-		-		-		272,099	
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		99,126		99,126	
Special assessments - noncurrent		-		-		-		1,081,788				-		1,081,788	
Total Assets	\$	5,509,534	\$	3,140,686	\$	1,984,187	\$	1,732,343	\$	1,969,867	\$	1,187,396	\$	15,524,013	
<u>Liabilities</u> , <u>Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</u>															
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	94,952	\$	42,004	\$	163,855	\$	3,080	\$	-	\$	854	\$	304,745	
Salaries payable		81,210		23,661		42,244		-		-		-		147,115	
Contracts payable		-		89,613		-		-		-		-		89,613	
Due to other funds		-		-		21,936		1,775		-		87,084		110,795	
Due to other governments		37,035		13,098		43,255		1,367		-		231		94,986	
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		99,126				-		99,126	
Total Liabilities	\$	213,197	\$	168,376	\$	271,290	\$	105,348	\$		\$	88,169	\$	846,380	
Deferred Inflows															
Taxes	\$	84,676	\$	28,978	\$	50,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,161	\$	170,735	
Notes		-		-		-		-		4,000		-		4,000	
Special assessments		-		-		-		1,089,324		-		-		1,089,324	
County State Aid Highway Allotment				1,260,590		-	_			-	_			1,260,590	
Total Deferred Inflows	\$	84,676	\$	1,289,568	\$	50,920	\$	1,089,324	\$	4,000	\$	6,161	\$	2,524,649	

EXHIBIT 3 (Continued)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

						Special Reve	muo l	Funda			Co	Other vernmental	Total		
	C	General Fund Road and Bridge Human Services				enue	Ditch	Capital Improvement		Funds		Go	vernmental		
		enerai Fund	_Koa	Koau anu Briuge		man Services	_			iprovement_	_(5)	tatement 1)	_	Funds	
Fund Balances															
Non-spendable															
Advances to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,126	\$	99,126	
Inventories		-		272,099		-		-		-		-		272,099	
Restricted for															
Attorney forfeited property		14,627		-		-		-		-		-		14,627	
County State Aid Highway Allotment		-		89,646		-		-		-		-		89,646	
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		369,944		369,944	
Drug and Alcohol Resistance Education		9,533		-		-		-		-		-		9,533	
Enhanced 911		275,326		-		-		-		-		-		275,326	
Forfeited land		-		-		-		-		-		136,465		136,465	
Handgun permits		38,509		-		-		-		-		-		38,509	
Law library		32,936		-		-		-		-		-		32,936	
Conservation of natural resources		102,641		-		-		537,671		-		-		640,312	
Probation		14,404		-		-		-		-		-		14,404	
Recorder's equipment		143,646		-		-		-		-		-		143,646	
SCORE		25,745		-		-		-		_		-		25,745	
Sheriff's forfeited property		6,108		-		-		-		-		-		6,108	
Technology		101,657		-		-		-		-		-		101,657	
Committed to								-		-					
Capital improvements		2,835,633		-		-		-		1,965,867		-		4,801,500	
Jail canteen		95,966		-		-		-		-		-		95,966	
Juvenile restitution		11,902		-		-		-		-		-		11,902	
Operations		1,500,000		-		-		-		-		-		1,500,000	
Parents forever		3,028		-		-		-		-		-		3,028	
Assigned to								-		-					
Highways and streets		-		1,320,997		-		-		-		-		1,320,997	
Human services		-		-		1,661,977		-		-		-		1,661,977	
Sanitation	_			-				-	_	-		487,531		487,531	
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,211,661	\$	1,682,742	\$	1,661,977	\$	537,671	\$	1,965,867	\$	1,093,066	\$	12,152,984	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows															
and Fund Balances	\$	5,509,534	\$	3,140,686	\$	1,984,187	\$	1,732,343	\$	1,969,867	\$	1,187,396	\$	15,524,013	

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 12,152,984
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities		
are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		53,482,133
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		
and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		2,524,649
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable \$	(32,202)	
General obligation bonds	(1,944,802)	
General obligation notes	(813,000)	
Compensated absences payable	(594,457)	
Other post-employment benefits	(250,313)	 (3,634,774)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 64,524,992

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

						Special Rev	enue	Funds			Gov	Other vernmental	Total		
				Capital						Capital		Funds	Go	vernmental	
	Ge	eneral Fund	Roa	d and Bridge	Hur	nan Services		Ditch	_Im	provement	(St	atement 2)		Funds	
Revenues															
Taxes	\$	3,752,821	\$	1,206,340	\$	2,154,063	\$	_	\$	_	\$	244,212	\$	7,357,436	
Special assessments	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	300,871	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	300,871	
Licenses and permits		16.054		_		_		-		_		_		16,054	
Intergovernmental		973,494		4,053,638		2,234,690		68,378		_		63,168		7,393,368	
Charges for services		1,179,707		83,315		420,846		5,326		_		-		1,689,194	
Land and timber sales		-		-		.20,0.0		-		_		225,104		225,104	
Fines and forfeitures		18,912		_		_		_		_		223,104		18,912	
Investment earnings		36,456						875						37,331	
Miscellaneous		386,956		173,431		205,575		673		27,000		15,688		808,650	
Miscenaneous		380,930		1/3,431		203,373		-		27,000		13,000		808,030	
Total Revenues	\$	6,364,400	\$	5,516,724	\$	5,015,174	\$	375,450	\$	27,000	\$	548,172	\$	17,846,920	
Expenditures															
Current															
General government	\$	2,468,699	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,350	\$	_	\$	2,474,049	
Public safety		3,078,101		_		_		_		-		-		3,078,101	
Highways and streets		-		4,459,743		_		_		_		-		4,459,743	
Sanitation		_		-		_		_		_		74,889		74,889	
Human services		27,192		_		4,752,827		_		_		-		4,780,019	
Health		53,316		_		-		_		_		_		53,316	
Culture and recreation		223,339		_		_		_		_		_		223,339	
Conservation of natural resources		334,564		_		_		1,576,332		_		1,570		1,912,466	
Economic development		10,100		-		-		-		-		-		10,100	
Total Current	\$	6,195,311	\$	4,459,743	\$	4,752,827	\$	1,576,332	\$	5,350	\$	76,459	\$	17,066,022	
Debt Service															
Principal retirement	\$	_	\$	88,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	240,000	\$	328,000	
Interest	Ψ	_	Ψ	28,292	Ψ	_	Ψ	21,863	Ψ	_	Ψ	35,661	Ψ	85,816	
merest				20,272				21,003				33,001		05,010	
Total Debt Service	\$	-	\$	116,292	\$	-	\$	21,863	\$	-	\$	275,661	\$	413,816	
Capital Outlay															
General government	\$	36,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	194,279	\$	-	\$	230,843	
Public safety		231,218		-		-		-		_		-		231,218	
Highways and streets		-		181,171		-		-		-		-		181,171	
Human services						26,956		-						26,956	
Total Capital Outlay	\$	267,782	\$	181,171	\$	26,956	\$	-	\$	194,279	\$		\$	670,188	
Total Expenditures	\$	6,463,093	\$	4,757,206	\$	4,779,783	\$	1,598,195	\$	199,629	\$	352,120	\$	18,150,026	
_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·			

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

									Other			m		
			Special Revenue Funds Capital					Governmental Funds		Total Governmental				
	Ge	neral Fund	Roa	d and Bridge	Hur	nan Services		Ditch	In	provement	(S	tatement 2)		Funds
Excess of Revenues Over														
(Under) Expenditures	\$	(98,693)	\$	759,518	\$	235,391	\$	(1,222,745)	\$	(172,629)	\$	196,052	\$	(303,106)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Transfers in	\$	136,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,840	\$	147,090
Transfers out		-		-		-		(10,840)		-		(136,250)		(147,090)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds								1,042,928		-				1,042,928
Total Other Financing														
Sources (Uses)	\$	136,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,032,088	\$	-	\$	(125,410)	\$	1,042,928
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	37,557	\$	759,518	\$	235,391	\$	(190,657)	\$	(172,629)	\$	70,642	\$	739,822
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in		5,174,104		1,009,952		1,426,586		728,328		2,138,496		1,022,424		11,499,890
inventories		-		(86,728)		-		-		-		-		(86,728)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	5,211,661	\$	1,682,742	\$	1,661,977	\$	537,671	\$	1,965,867	\$	1,093,066	\$	12,152,984

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$	739,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in		
the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure \$ 4,750,00)	
Current year depreciation (1,667,99	2)	
Net book value of assets disposed (2,71)	<u>4)</u>	3,079,294
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Change in deferred inflows		890,804
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental		
funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, while the		
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources		
of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Proceeds from issuance of debt		
General obligations bonds \$ (1,042,92	3)	
Principal repayments		
Capital improvement bonds 240,00)	
State-aid highway notes 88,00	<u>) </u>	(714,928)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the		
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in		
Amortization of discounts \$ (1,75)	3)	
Accrued interest payable (5,87	1)	
Compensated absences payable (19,77	5)	
Other post-employment benefits (21,65	3)	
Inventories (86,72	<u></u>	(135,791)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	3,859,201

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Agency (Statement 7)	
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 469,693	
Due from other funds	 19,153	
Total Assets	\$ 488,846	
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 17,282	
Due to other funds	19,153	
Due to other governments	 452,411	
Total Liabilities	\$ 488,846	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Pennington County was established November 23, 1910, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Auditor-Treasurer, elected on a County-wide basis, serves as the clerk of the Board but has no vote.

The County participates in joint ventures and jointly-governed organizations which are described in Notes section VI, subdivisions D and E, respectively.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for the fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, charges, and fines paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government not accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for and report revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways. Financing is provided by annual tax levy, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services restricted and assigned to various highways and streets purposes.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for and report economic assistance and community social services programs. Financing is provided by annual tax levy and intergovernmental revenues assigned to human services.

The <u>Ditch Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for and report the operation and maintenance of County and joint county drainage systems. Financing is provided by special assessments levied against benefited properties restricted for conservation of natural resources.

The <u>Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund</u> was opened in 2007 to account for and report proceeds from the sale of the Oakland Park Nursing Home committed to future County capital improvements.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Agency Funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured.

As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2013, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Pooled investment earnings for 2013 were \$36,456. Total investment earnings were \$37,331.

Pennington County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as prior taxes receivable.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances from/to other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, if applicable.

3. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Inventories, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance account to indicate that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment, are reported in the applicable government-wide financial statements. Capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond two years and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$5,000, except all land and construction in progress which is capitalized regardless of cost. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	50-75
Buildings and improvements	20-30
Machinery and equipment	5-12

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. Currently, the County has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County's deferred inflows of resources arise only under a modified basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred inflows of resources are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Employee Benefits

The liability for compensated absences reported in financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

The County uses the actuarial method of valuation to determine its Other Post-Employment Benefit liability.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources when issued. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

8. Net Position and Fund Balance

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted net position on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

In the fund financial statements, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are either externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes imposed by resolution of the County Board and do not lapse at year-end. To remove the constraint on specified use of committed resources the County Board shall pass a resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The County Board has delegated the authority to assign and remove assignments of fund balance amounts for specified purposes to the County Auditor.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories, and negative fund balances in other governmental funds. The County does not have any unassigned fund balance at December 31, 2013.

The County will maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of an amount not less than 35 to 50 percent of next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund. Unrestricted fund balance can be "spent down" if there is an anticipated budget shortfall in excess of zero dollars. If spending unrestricted fund balance in designated circumstances has reduced unrestricted fund balance to a point below the minimum targeted level, as noted above, the replenishment will be funded by property taxes or transfers from other funds within a three-year period of time.

Stabilization arrangements are defined as formally setting aside amounts for use in emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The County Board will set aside amounts by resolution as deemed necessary that can only be

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

8. Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

expended when major flood or other natural disaster repairs exist as the need for stabilization arises. The need for stabilization will only be utilized for situations that are not expected to occur routinely.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, and disclosure of contingent amounts at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

10. Account Balance Reclassifications

Several account balances were reclassified for the year ended December 31, 2012, as previously reported. These reclassifications, due to the implementation of GASB Statements 65, were required in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation, and must be considered when comparing the financial statements of this report with those of prior reports.

11. Comparative Data

Comparative data has not been provided due to the implementation of GASB 65, however, comparative information may be provided in future years when prior year information is available.

II. Change in Accounting Principles

Effective January 1, 2013, the County implemented GASB Statements 65, which required a change in accounting principles and resulted in adjustments to beginning net position. The following table outlines the changes in net position as reported on the County's financial statements:

II. Change in Accounting Principles (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		
Net position, December 31, 2012, as previously reported	\$	59,031,946	
Prior period adjustments			
Taxes		183,228	
Notes		31,000	
Special assessments		110,268	
County State Aid Highway Allotment		1,309,349	
Net position, January 1, 2013, as restated	\$	60,665,791	

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Individual Fund Deficits of Equity Accounts</u>

Fourteen of the 50 active ditch systems incurred expenditures in excess of revenues and available resources. These deficits will be eliminated with future special assessment levies against benefited properties. The following shows the restricted fund balance as of December 31, 2013:

Account balance Account deficit	\$ 755,504 (217,833)
Fund Balance	\$ 537,671

B. Land Management

The County manages approximately 2,170 acres of state-owned tax-forfeited land. This land generates revenues primarily from recreational land leases and land and timber sales. Land management costs, including forestry costs such as site preparation, seedlings, tree planting, and logging roads, are accounted for as current operating expenditures. Revenues in excess of expenditures are distributed to the County and cities, towns, and school districts within the County according to state statute.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Reconciliations of the County's total deposits and investments to the basic financial statements, as of December 31, 2013, are as follows:

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Governmental funds	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 12,240,126
Fiduciary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	469,693
Total cash and investments	\$ 12,709,819
Deposits	\$ 7,905,836
Cash on hand	1,775
Investments	4,802,208
Total deposits, cash on hand, and investments	\$ 12,709,819

Deposits

Minnesota Statutes, §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the County to deposit its cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the Board. Minnesota Statute, § 118A.03 requires that all County deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit plus accrued interest at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2013, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Minnesota Statutes, §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments available to the County:

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as high risk by Minnesota Statute, § 118A.04, subdivision 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At December 31, 2013, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value s Than 1 Year
Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for	
Counties (MAGIC) Fund	\$ 3,998,352
Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market	 803,856
Total Investments	\$ 4,802,208
	 100%

Credit Risk

Generally, a credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

<u>Investments</u>

Credit Risk (Continued)

The County's exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2013, is as follows:

	Moody's Rating	I	Fair Value
Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for			
Counties (MAGIC) Fund	N/A	\$	803,856
Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market	Aaa		3,998,352
		\$	4,802,208
N/A – not applicable			

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy on custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2013, none of the County's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments, investment pools, and mutual funds. At December 31, 2013, the County's investments were not subject to concentration of credit risk.

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2013, for the County's governmental activities, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Tota	l Receivables
Taxes	\$	234,397
Special assessments		10,346
Accounts		73,720
Notes		4,000
Accrued interest		4,003
Due from other governments		1,393,613
Total	\$	1,720,079

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	I	Beginning			Ending
		Balance	 Increases	 Decreases	 Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated			 	 _	
Land	\$	464,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 464,569
Construction in progress			 1,803,733	 	 1,803,733
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	464,569	\$ 1,803,733	\$ _	\$ 2,268,302
Capital assets being depreciated					
Infrastructure	\$	69,074,609	\$ 2,243,589	\$ -	\$ 71,318,198
Buildings and improvements		4,577,994	194,279	4,140	4,768,133
Machinery and equipment		4,038,453	508,399	383,926	 4,162,926
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	77,691,056	\$ 2,946,267	\$ 388,066	\$ 80,249,257
Less: accumulated depreciation for					
Infrastructure	\$	21,905,609	\$ 1,344,201	\$ -	\$ 23,249,810
Buildings and improvements		2,952,167	150,938	2,001	3,101,104
Machinery and equipment		2,895,010	172,853	383,351	 2,684,512
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	27,752,786	\$ 1,667,992	\$ 385,352	\$ 29,035,426
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	\$	49,938,270	\$ 1,278,275	\$ 2,714	\$ 51,213,831
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$	50,402,839	\$ 3,082,008	\$ 2,714	\$ 53,482,133

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the County as follows:

General government	\$ 30,895
Public safety	101,823
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,519,230
Human services	13,974
Sanitation	1,068
Culture and recreation	1,002
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,667,992

Construction Contracts

The County has an active construction contracts for highways and streets as of December 31, 2013 with \$1,702,653 spent to date.

IV. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2013, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	
General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	\$ 21,936	Reimbursements
	Other Governmental	 87,084	Forfeited tax settlement
Total Due to General Fund		\$ 109,020	
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	Ditch Special Revenue Fund	 1,775	Charges for services
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$ 110,795	
Advances From/To Other F	<u>unds</u>		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	
Other Governmental	Ditch Special Revenue Fund	\$ 99,126	Cash deficit

This advance will be paid back.

C. Liabilities

Compensated Absences

Under the County's personnel policies and union contracts, employees are granted vacation in varying amounts based on their length of service. Vacation leave accrual varies from 12 to 21 days per year. Sick leave accrual is 12 days per year. Leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 24 days vacation and 100 days sick leave under the County's employment policy. For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, and the Human Services Special Revenue Fund.

Unused compensatory time, accumulated vacation and vested sick leave are paid to employees upon termination. Unvested sick leave, approximately \$483,251 at December 31, 2013, is available to employees in the event of illness-related absences and is not paid to them at termination.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

Types of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	riginal Issue Amounts	anding Balance mber 31, 2013
2004 G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds	2014	\$60,000-\$65,000	3.44	\$ 535,000	\$ 65,000
2009 G.O. Refunding Bonds	2019	\$120,000-\$185,000	3.4	1,450,000	845,000
2013 G.O. Drainage Bonds	2033	\$45,000-\$65,000	2.46	1,035,000	1,035,000
Less: Net bond discount/premium				\$ 3,020,000	\$ 1,945,000 (198)
Total General Obligation Bonds, no	et of discount			\$ 3,020,000	\$ 1,944,802
2001 G.O. Highway State-Aid Note	2021	\$88,000-\$113,000	3.14	 2,000,000	 813,000
Total				\$ 5,020,000	\$ 2,757,802

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2013, were as follows:

2014	\$ 295,000	\$ 50,668	\$ 91,000	\$ 25,528	\$ 386,000	\$ 76,196
2015	165,000	43,776	94,000	22,671	259,000	66,447
2016	175,000	38,846	97,000	19,719	272,000	58,565
2017	175,000	33,656	100,000	16,674	275,000	50,330
2018	180,000	28,116	103,000	13,533	283,000	41,649
2019-2023	380,000	89,935	328,000	20,818	708,000	110,753
2024-2028	275,000	60,003			275,000	60,003
2029-2033	300,000	22,025			300,000	22,025
					 -	 -
	\$ 1,945,000	\$ 367,025	\$ 813,000	\$ 118,943	\$ 2,758,000	\$ 485,968
Less: net bond						
discount/premium	 (198)	 	 -	 	 (198)	 -
Total	\$ 1,944,802	\$ 367,025	\$ 813,000	\$ 118,943	\$ 2,757,802	\$ 485,968

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Beginning Balance		Additions				Ending Balance		ne Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,035,000	\$	240,000	\$	1,945,000	\$ 295,000
Less: Bond discount		(9,884)		7,928		(1,758)		(198)	-
2001 General Obligation Highway State-Aid Note		901,000		-		88,000		813,000	91,000
Net OPEB Payable		228,655		55,287		33,629		250,313	-
Compensated Absences		574,681		496,213		476,437		594,457	433,282
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	3,083,339	\$	1,594,428	\$	836,308	\$	3,841,459	\$ 819,282

V. Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Benefits Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employee's Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund, which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution and have direct contact with inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund.

The PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

V. Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Benefits Plans

Plan Description (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity is accrual rate is 3 percent for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund Members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent for each year of service.

For all Public Employees Retirement Fund members whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

The PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2013. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members were required to contribute 9.60 percent of their annual covered salary in 2013. The contribution rate in the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund increased in 2014 to 10.20 percent. Public Employees Correctional Fund members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2013.

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2013 and 2014:

V. Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Benefits Plans

Funding Policy (Continued)

	2013	2014
Public Employees Retirement Fund		
Basic Plan Members	11.78%	11.78%
Coordinated Plan Members	7.25%	7.25%
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	14.40%	15.30%
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75%	8.75%

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund, were:

		Public		Public Public			Public		
	En	nployees		En	nployees	En	nployees		
	Re	Retirement		Po	olice and	Co	rrectional		
		Fund		Fi	re Fund		Fund		
2013	\$	266,186		\$	65,358	\$	76,719		
2012	\$	251,261		\$	63,162	\$	75,171		
2011	\$	242,639		\$	61,917	\$	73,102		

These amounts are equal to contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Defined Contribution Plan

Three employees of Pennington County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA in accordance with Minnesota Statute, Chapter 353D. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statute, § 353D.03 specifies the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2013, were:

	En	npioyee	E	npioyer
Contribution amount	\$	2,289	\$	2,289
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%

V. Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits – (OPEB)

Plan Description

Pennington County provides a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides for retirees by Minnesota Statute § 471.61, subdivision 2b. The retiree healthcare plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Pennington County Board of Commissioners. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy. This post-employment benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis usually paying retiree benefits out of the General Fund. As of the January 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, there were approximately 121 participants in the plan, including three retirees and one spouse receiving payments.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustments to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 55,287 10,289 (14,266)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$ 51,310 (29,652)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation - January 1, 2013	\$ 21,658 228,655
Net OPEB Obligation - December 31, 2013	\$ 250,313

The County's annual OPEB cost for December 31, 2013 was \$51,310. The percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan was 57.8 percent, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 was \$250,313. Currently, only two year's actuarial data is available. For trend information, refer to the Required Supplementary Information.

V. Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other Post-Employment Benefits – (OPEB) (Continued)

Fund Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$493,738, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$493,738. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,675,993, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 10.6 percent.

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Pennington County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual healthcare cost trend is 8.0 percent initially reduced to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over six years. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2013, was 25 years.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, may be involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The County Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the County not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

B. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Insurance Trust (MCIT) to cover workers' compensation and property and casualty liabilities. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The Worker's Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$460,000 per claim in 2012 and \$470,000 per claim in 2013. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. The MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

C. Joint Ventures

<u>Homeland Security Emergency Management (HSEM) Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board</u>

The HSEM Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board was formed in 2007 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, § 471.59 and Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 12. Members include Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau counties.

The purpose of the HSEM Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board is to engage in planning, training, and/or the purchase of equipment in order to better respond to emergencies and natural and other disasters within HSEM Region 3; specifically within the jurisdictional boundaries of the member counties.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Homeland Security Emergency Management (HSEM) Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board (Continued)

Control is vested in the HSEM Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board, which is composed of one representative from each member county, appointed by their respective governing bodies as provided in the HSEM Region 3 Emergency Managers Board's Joint Powers Agreement.

The HSEM Region 3 Emergency Managers Joint Powers Board has no long-term debt. Financing will be provided by a Homeland Security Grant Program and other grant programs and awards. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Clay County Sheriff's Office, 915 9th Avenue North, Moorhead, Minnesota 56560.

Inter-County Nursing Service

The Inter-County Nursing Service was formed in 1978 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, § 471.59, and includes Pennington and Red Lake Counties. The purpose of the Nursing Service is to provide, through visits to individuals' homes, skilled public nursing care on a part-time or intermittent basis to residents of Pennington and Red Lake Counties.

Control of the Nursing Service is vested in the Inter-County Nursing Service Board, which is composed of one county commissioner and four others from each county, and a physician who may be from either county. In the event of dissolution of the Inter-County Nursing Service Board, the net assets of the Nursing Service at that time shall be divided between the counties in proportion to the contribution of each.

The Nursing Service has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by state and federal grants, charges for services, and appropriations from the two counties. Pennington County contributed \$49,906 to the Nursing Service for the year ended December 31, 2013. Pennington County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Nursing Service as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Pennington County Auditor's Office or the Nursing Service's office, P.O. Box 616, Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701.

Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board

The Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board was established September 22, 1993, and amended May 4, 1995, under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Beltrami, Clearwater, Cook, Itasca, Koochiching, Lake, Lake of the Woods, Marshall, Pennington, and St. Louis Counties. The purpose of the Land Use Coordinating Board is to formulate land use plans or general policies needed for the protection, sustainable use, and development of lands and natural resources in Northern Minnesota.

The Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board is composed of two elected county commissioners from each member county except St. Louis County, which has three members, as provided in the Land Use Coordinating Board's bylaws.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board (Continued)

In the event of dissolution of the Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board, the net assets shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to the contribution of each.

The Land Use Coordinating Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member counties. Pennington County contributed \$2,000 to the Land Use Coordinating Board for the year ended December 31, 2013. St. Louis County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the St. Louis County Auditor, 100 North Fifth Avenue West, Duluth, Minnesota 55802.

Northwest Minnesota Household Hazardous Waste Management Group

The Northwest Minnesota Household Hazardous Waste Management Group was formed in 1992 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Beltrami, Clearwater, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Waste Management Group is to cooperatively manage, handle, and transport household hazardous waste, provide public education on safe waste management, and provide for the disposition of non-recyclable household hazardous waste materials.

Control of the Waste Management Group is vested in the Northwest Minnesota Household Hazardous Waste Management Group Joint Powers Board, which is composed of one county commissioner from each of the member counties, as provided in the Waste Management Group's bylaws.

Responsibility for budgeted expenditures is shared with the first 50 percent divided equally among the member counties, and the remaining 50 percent divided on a population-ratio basis. In the event of dissolution, the net assets shall be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their respective financial responsibilities.

The Waste Management Group has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from the member counties when needed. Pennington County disbursed \$6,455 to the Waste Management Group for the year ended December 31, 2013. Clearwater County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Clearwater County Auditor's Office or the Waste Management Group's office, P.O. Box 186, Bagley, Minnesota 56621.

Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board was formed in 2007 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, §§ 403.39 and 471.59. Members include Becker, Beltrami, Clearwater, Clay, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau counties and the City of Moorhead. The purpose of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board is to provide

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board (Continued)

regional administration for the installation, operation, and maintenance of local and regional enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER).

Control is vested in the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board, which is composed of one county commissioner from each member county and one city council member from the member city, appointed by their respective governing bodies as provided in the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board's Joint Powers Agreement.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by annual contributions from members, reflective of the extent of participation and use of services. Pennington County did not contribute to the Northwest Regional Radio Board for the year ended December 31, 2013. Complete financial information can be obtained from Headwaters Regional Development Commission, P.O. Box 906, Bemidji, Minnesota 56619.

Northwest Minnesota Six County Joint Powers Board

The Northwest Minnesota Six County Joint Powers Board was formed in 1994 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Beltrami, Clearwater, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, and Red Lake Counties. The purpose of the Board is to receive and expend funds for beaver damage control.

The Northwest Minnesota Six County Joint Powers Board is composed of one representative appointed by each county board from the six counties. Each county also has one alternate appointed to the Board, and the Board may choose to have non-voting advisory members on the Board. In the event of dissolution, the net assets shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to the contribution of each.

Financing is provided by grants from the State of Minnesota or contributions. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Red Lake Watershed District, P.O. Box 803, Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701.

Northwest Service Cooperative

The Northwest Service Cooperative (NWSC) was established in February, 1977, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, §§ 471.59 and 123.582. The NWSC is located in State Development Regions One and Two which includes 12 counties covering a total of 14,853 miles. These are the most sparsely populated regions of the state with only 11 persons per square mile. The regions are known as "Pine to Prairie." The NWSC provides service to all school districts, and many cities, counties, and other governmental agencies in the northwest region. The Northwest Service Cooperative's purpose is to meet or exceed the needs of participating members by developing and delivering high quality, cost-effective services and programs that will support the activities of its members.

The NWSC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of school board members elected at large by their peers, one city representative, with a maximum of three at-large appointees and

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northwest Service Cooperative (Continued)

three ex-officio superintendents. Pennington County contributed \$250 to the Cooperative for the year ended December 31, 2013. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Service Cooperative, 114 First Street West, Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701.

Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association

The Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association was formed in 1994 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, Roseau, and Wadena Counties. The purpose of the Association is to provide a mechanism whereby the counties may cooperatively provide for a data processing disaster recovery plan and back-up system.

Control of the Association is vested in the Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association Joint Powers Board, which is composed of one county commissioner appointed by each member county board. In the event of dissolution, the net assets of the Association at that time shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to the contribution of each.

The Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by state grants and appropriations from member counties when needed. Pennington County did not contribute to the Association for the year ended December 31, 2013. Lake of the Woods County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Association as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Lake of the Woods County Auditor-Treasurer's Office, 206 8th Avenue SE, Suite 260, Baudette, Minnesota 56623.

Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center

The Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center was formed under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, effective August 1971, and includes Beltrami, Cass, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Pennington, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Center is to provide rehabilitation and other services to juveniles under the jurisdiction of the court system. The offices of the Center are located in Bemidji, with satellite homes at various locations.

Control of the Center is vested in the Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center Joint Powers Board, which is composed of at least one member appointed by each participating county, as provided in the Center's bylaws. At present, there are 13 directors: Beltrami, Cass, Hubbard, Pennington, and Roseau Counties have two directors each; the other member counties have one director each. In the event of dissolution, the net assets of the Center shall be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their respective financial responsibilities.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center (Continued)

Financing is provided by state and federal grants, charges for services, and appropriations from member counties. Beltrami County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Northwestern Minnesota Juvenile Center as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Beltrami County Auditor/Treasurer's Office or at the Center's office, P.O. Box 247, Bemidji, Minnesota 56601.

Quin County Community Health Service

The Quin County Community Health Service was formed in 1978 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Kittson, Marshall, Pennington, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Health Service is to develop and implement policies and procedures to promote efficiency and economy in the delivery of community health services.

Control of the Health Service is vested in the Quin County Board of Health, which is composed of one member appointed from each of the member counties (total five members, as provided in the joint powers agreement). In the event of dissolution, the net assets of the Health Service shall be divided among the member counties in the same proportion as their respective financial responsibilities as determined by county population.

The Health Service has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by state and federal grants, charges for services, and appropriations from the member counties when needed. Marshall County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Health Service as an agency fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Marshall County Auditor/Treasurer's Office or the Health Service's office, Newfolden, Minnesota 56738.

Red Lake River Corridor

The Red Lake River Corridor Joint Powers Board was formed in 2003 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes the Cities of Thief River Falls, St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls, Crookston, Fisher and East Grand Forks; the Counties of Polk, Red Lake, Pennington; and the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Reservation. The purpose of the Board is for the development and enhancement of recreational and natural resources along the Red Lake River.

The Red Lake River Corridor Joint Powers Board is composed of one member for each participating entity. Each participant may also have one alternate who, in the absence of the appointed member, may attend meetings and have all the duties and rights of the member. In the event of dissolution, the net assets shall be distributed to the respective members in proportion to the contribution of each.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Red Lake River Corridor (Continued)

Financing is provided by contributions from members. The County did not contribute to the Board in 2013. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer, Stacy Myhrer, 102 Broadway Avenue North, St. Hilaire, Minnesota 56754.

Thief River Falls Regional Airport Authority

The Thief River Falls Regional Airport Authority was formed in 2010 pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, §§ 360.0425 to 360.0427, and 471.59, and includes Pennington County and the City of Thief River Falls. The purpose of the Thief River Falls Regional Airport Authority is to acquire, establish, construct, maintain, improve, and operate the Airport.

The Airport Authority consists of five Commissioners: two members from the County Board, two members from the City Council, and one lay member mutually appointed by the County and City. The Commissioners shall each be appointed for three year terms.

In the event of dissolution of the Airport Authority, net assets shall be divided between the participating governmental entities in proportion to their relative shares of the most recent levy.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants, charges for services, and appropriations and property tax levies, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 275.066. Pennington County did not contribute to the Airport Authority for the year ended December 31, 2013. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Thief River Falls Regional Airport Authority, P.O. Box 672, Thief River Falls, Minnesota 56701.

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Job Training Partnership Act Joint Powers Agreement

The Job Training Partnership Act Joint Powers Agreement was formed in July 1994 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Joint Powers Agreement is to designate the members of the Northwest Regional Development Commission's Board of Directors as the Local Elected Officials to work with the Northwest Private Industry Council for the Northwest Service Delivery Area, including specific duties as listed in the Agreement.

Minnesota Counties Computer Consortium

The Minnesota Counties Computer Consortium was formed in 1979 pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59 and includes 24 counties. Control of the Consortium is vested in the Joint Data Processing Board which is composed of one representative and one alternate appointed by each member county. The County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

D. <u>Jointly-Governed Organizations</u> (Continued)

Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus

The Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus was established in 1997 and includes Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Itasca, Kittson, Lake, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, McLeod, Morrison, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. Control of the Caucus is vested in the Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus Executive Committee which is composed of ten directors, each with an alternate, who are appointed annually by each respective county board. The County contributed \$2,100 to the Caucus for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Multi-Cultural Events Center Joint Powers Board

The Multi-Cultural Events Center Joint Powers Board was formed in 1995 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 471.59, and includes Pennington County, the City of Thief River Falls, Independent School District No. 564, Northland Community College, and Northwest Technical College. The Joint Powers Board is composed of one director appointed by the governing body of each member, with one alternate designated for each director, as provided in the Joint Powers Board's bylaws. The County did not contribute to the Multi-Cultural Events Center Joint Powers Board in 2013.

Northwest Minnesota Multi-County Housing and Redevelopment Authority

The Northwest Minnesota Multi-County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) was formed pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 469.004, effective September 1972, and includes Kittson, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. Control of the HRA is vested in the HRA Board which is composed of six members with indefinite terms made up of one member appointed by each board of county commissioners. Pennington County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

Northwest Regional Library

The Northwest Regional Library was formed pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, §§ 134.20 and 471.59, effective January 1, 1981, and includes Kittson, Marshall, Pennington, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. Control of the Library is vested in the Northwest Regional Library Board which is composed of 16 members with staggered terms made up of the following: one member appointed by each board of county commissioners who may be a member of the Board of Commissioners; one member appointed by each participating city; and one additional member appointed by each county and city for each 6,000 of population or major percentage (85 percent) thereof. Pennington County appropriated \$100,000 to the Library for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Northwest Workforce Service Area

The Northwest Workforce Service Area was formed in July 2000 under the authority of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-22) and includes Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. The purpose of the Service Area is to increase a participant's employment, retention, earnings, and occupational skill attainment

VI. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Northwest Workforce Service Area (Continued)

and result in improved workforce quality, reduced welfare dependency, and enhanced productivity and competitiveness.

Control of the Northwest Workforce Service Area is vested in the Northwest Private Industry Council/Workforce Council, composed of 18 members with one representative from each of the seven counties, three members at large, and eight members representing local agencies. In the event of dissolution of the Northwest Workforce Service Area, unexpended funds will be disposed of in accordance with law.

The Northwest Workforce Service Area has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by state and local grants. Complete financial information can be obtained from the Northwest Regional Development Commission, 115 South Main, Warren, Minnesota 56762.

Pennington County Family Service Collaborative

The Pennington County Family Service Collaborative was formed pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 124D.23, effective July 1, 1996, and includes Pennington County, Thief River Falls Independent School District 564, and the Inter-County Nursing Service. Control of the Collaborative is vested in the Family Service Collaborative Board and includes at least one member from the public entities along with other members of the general public. Pennington County has accepted responsibility as the fiscal agent for reporting, claiming, and receiving payments.

Red Lake Watershed District

The Red Lake Watershed District was formed pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 103D.201, effective January 25, 1969, and includes land within Beltrami, Clearwater, Itasca, Koochiching, Mahnomen, Marshall, Pennington, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. Control of the District is vested in the Red Lake Watershed District Board of Managers which is composed of seven members having staggered terms of three years each, with two appointed by the Polk County Board and one each appointed by the County Boards of Beltrami, Clearwater, Marshall, Pennington, and Red Lake. Pennington County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.



Schedule 1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	Amoun	ıts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 3,712,025	\$	3,712,025	\$	3,752,821	\$	40,796
Licenses and permits	4,013		4,013		16,054		12,041
Intergovernmental	776,840		776,840		973,494		196,654
Charges for services	1,104,262		1,104,262		1,179,707		75,445
Fines and forfeitures	19,700		19,700		18,912		(788)
Investment earnings	25,000		25,000		36,456		11,456
Miscellaneous	 349,700		349,700		386,956		37,256
Total Revenues	\$ 5,991,540	\$	5,991,540	\$	6,364,400	\$	372,860
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
Commissioners	\$ 217,801	\$	217,801	\$	219,488	\$	(1,687)
District court	21,500		21,500		16,253		5,247
Law library	15,700		15,700		13,591		2,109
County administration	1,000		1,000		1,445		(445)
County auditor	329,896		329,896		326,198		3,698
License bureau	217,413		217,413		212,409		5,004
County treasurer	151,969		151,969		134,793		17,176
County assessor	243,931		243,931		235,655		8,276
Elections	10,000		10,000		11,507		(1,507)
Data processing	130,002		130,002		194,361		(64,359)
Attorney	333,996		398,592		397,644		948
Recorder	370,839		370,839		229,114		141,725
Buildings and grounds	307,521		307,521		309,925		(2,404)
Veterans service officer	78,226		78,226		80,041		(1,815)
Insurance	35,000		35,000		35,199		(199)
Other general government	 54,500		54,500		51,076		3,424
Total general government	\$ 2,519,294	\$	2,583,890	\$	2,468,699	\$	115,191

Schedule 1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	l Amoun	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Expenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Public safety							
Sheriff	\$ 858,369	\$	858,369	\$ 870,377	\$	(12,008)	
Coroner	12,258		12,258	28,577		(16,319)	
County jail	1,053,663		1,053,663	1,095,280		(41,617)	
DARE program	4,000		4,000	1,747		2,253	
Enhanced 911	16,500		16,500	56,580		(40,080)	
Emergency services	40,000		40,000	38,984		1,016	
Jail canteen fund	42,500		42,500	52,323		(9,823)	
Juvenile justice	5,000		5,000	3,603		1,397	
Law enforcement center	561,776		561,776	604,027		(42,251)	
Probation and parole	37,000		37,000	43,539		(6,539)	
Sentence to service	186,256		186,256	204,461		(18,205)	
Toward zero deaths	180,230		180,230	15,695		(15,695)	
Training	6,000		6,000	6,560		(560)	
Victim assistance	46,500		46,500	56,348		(9,848)	
Other public safety	2,000		2,000	30,346 -		2,000	
Other public safety	 2,000		2,000	 		2,000	
Total public safety	\$ 2,871,822	\$	2,871,822	\$ 3,078,101	\$	(206,279)	
Human Services							
Buildings and grounds	\$ 42,400	\$	42,400	\$ 27,192	\$	15,208	
Health							
Nursing service	\$ 50,000	\$	50,000	\$ 49,906	\$	94	
County health officer	958		958	257		701	
Parenting education	 3,000		3,000	 3,153		(153)	
Total health	\$ 53,958	\$	53,958	\$ 53,316	\$	642	
Culture and recreation							
Auditorium	\$ 43,200	\$	43,200	\$ 24,165	\$	19,035	
Historical society	13,000		13,000	13,000		-	
Regional library	100,000		100,000	100,000		-	
Senior citizens	6,000		6,000	1,000		5,000	
Snowmobile and ski trails	70,793		70,793	82,674		(11,881)	
Other culture and recreation	 -		-	 2,500		(2,500)	
Total culture and recreation	\$ 232,993	\$	232,993	\$ 223,339	\$	9,654	

Schedule 1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

							riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
		Original			 Amounts		(Negative)
Expenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Conservation of natural resources							
Agricultural society	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	-
Agriculture inspection		40		40	50		(10)
Area Ag Information Center		5,000		5,000	5,000		-
Cooperative extension		168,012		168,012	143,716		24,296
Soil and water conservation		148,978		148,978	 175,798		(26,820)
Total conservation of natural resources	\$	332,030	\$	332,030	\$ 334,564	\$	(2,534)
Economic development							
Economic development	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,050	\$	(50)
Red River Valley Development		800		800	800		-
Tri-Valley Opportunity Council		10,816		10,816	 4,250		6,566
Total economic development	\$	16,616	\$	16,616	\$ 10,100	\$	6,516
Total Current Expenditures	\$	6,069,113	\$	6,133,709	\$ 6,195,311	\$	(61,602)
Capital outlay							
General government	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 36,564	\$	(6,564)
Public safety		361,900		361,900	 231,218		130,682
Total capital outlay	\$	391,900	\$	391,900	\$ 267,782	\$	124,118
Total Expenditures	\$	6,461,013	\$	6,525,609	\$ 6,463,093	\$	62,516
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	\$	(469,473)	\$	(534,069)	\$ (98,693)	\$	435,376
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		-	 136,250		136,250
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(469,473)	\$	(534,069)	\$ 37,557	\$	571,626
Fund Balance - January 1		5,174,104		5,174,104	 5,174,104		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	4,704,631	\$	4,640,035	\$ 5,211,661	\$	571,626

Schedule 2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted Original	Amoun	ts Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,215,469	\$	1,215,469	\$	1,206,340	\$	(9,129)
Intergovernmental	*	2,235,686	•	2,235,686	-	4,053,638	-	1,817,952
Charges for services		73,000		73,000		83,315		10,315
Miscellaneous		71,000		71,000		173,431		102,431
Total Revenues	\$	3,595,155	\$	3,595,155	\$	5,516,724	\$	1,921,569
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	285,905	\$	285,905	\$	314,382	\$	(28,477)
Maintenance		329,063		329,063		315,667		13,396
Construction		850,000		850,000		1,889,926		(1,039,926)
Equipment maintenance and shop		1,697,642		1,697,642		1,680,540		17,102
Township roads		-		-		180,880		(180,880)
Other highways and streets		98,000		98,000		78,348		19,652
Total highways and streets	\$	3,260,610	\$	3,260,610	\$	4,459,743	\$	(1,199,133)
Debt service								
Principal retirement	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	88,000	\$	-
Interest		28,292		28,292		28,292		-
Total debt service	\$	116,292	\$	116,292	\$	116,292	\$	-
Capital outlay								
Highways and streets	\$	218,253	\$	218,253	\$	181,171	\$	37,082
Total Expenditures	\$	3,595,155	\$	3,595,155	\$	4,757,206	\$	(1,162,051)
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	759,518	\$	759,518
Fund Balance - January 1		1,009,952		1,009,952		1,009,952		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories		-		<u> </u>		(86,728)		(86,728)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,009,952	\$	1,009,952	\$	1,682,742	\$	672,790

Schedule 3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,199,402	\$	2,199,402	\$	2,154,063	\$	(45,339)
Intergovernmental	Ψ	2,255,428	Ψ	2,255,428	Ψ	2,234,690	Ψ	(20,738)
Charges for services		320,500		320,500		420,846		100,346
Miscellaneous		59,660		59,660		205,575		145,915
Total Revenues	\$	4,834,990	\$	4,834,990	\$	5,015,174	\$	180,184
Expenditures								
Current								
Human services								
Income maintenance	\$	1,398,926	\$	1,398,926	\$	1,477,378	\$	(78,452)
Social services		3,479,277		3,479,277		3,275,449		203,828
Total human services	\$	4,878,203	\$	4,878,203	\$	4,752,827	\$	125,376
Capital outlay								
Human services		16,000		16,000		26,956		(10,956)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,894,203	\$	4,894,203	\$	4,779,783	\$	114,420
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	\$	(59,213)	\$	(59,213)	\$	235,391	\$	294,604
Fund Balance - January 1		1,426,586		1,426,586		1,426,586		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,367,373	\$	1,367,373	\$	1,661,977	\$	294,604

Schedule 4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	Amoun	ats		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts	 (Negative)
Revenues						
Special assessments	\$ _	\$	-	\$	300,871	\$ 300,871
Intergovernmental	-		-		68,378	68,378
Charges for services	152,000		152,000		5,326	(146,674)
Investment earnings	 		-		875	 875
Total Revenues	\$ 152,000	\$	152,000	\$	375,450	\$ 223,450
Expenditures						
Current						
Conservation of natural resources						
Administration	\$ -	\$	-	\$	12,193	\$ (12,193)
Ditch maintenance and repairs	152,000		152,000		102,514	49,486
Middle River/Snake River Watershed	-		-		158	(158)
Red Lake Watershed	 -		-	-	1,461,467	 (1,461,467)
Total conservation of natural resources	\$ 152,000	\$	152,000	\$	1,576,332	\$ (1,424,332)
Debt service						
Interest	 -				21,863	 (21,863)
Total Expenditures	\$ 152,000	\$	152,000	\$	1,598,195	\$ (1,446,195)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(1,222,745)	\$ (1,222,745)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(10,840)	\$ (10,840)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	 -			-	1,042,928	 1,042,928
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(190,657)	\$ (190,657)
Fund Balance - January 1	 728,328		728,328		728,328	 <u> </u>
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 728,328	\$	728,328	\$	537,671	\$ (190,657)

Schedule 5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	l Amour	nts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	 (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$		\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000
Expenditures Current General government					
Oakland park	-		-	5,350	(5,350)
Capital outlay General government	 			194,279	 (194,279)
Total Expenditures	\$ 	\$		\$ 199,629	\$ (199,629)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (172,629)	\$ (172,629)
Fund Balance - January 1	 2,138,496		2,138,496	2,138,496	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 2,138,496	\$	2,138,496	\$ 1,965,867	\$ (172,629)

Schedule 6

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	 uarial of Assets	 rial Accrued	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) Funded Ratio		Funded Ratio Covered Payroll				UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
January 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 518,648	\$	518,648	\$	_	\$	4,480,493	11.6%
January 1, 2011	-	493,738		493,738		-		4,675,993	10.6%

Schedule 7

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Percentage of		
Fiscal	Annual]	Employer	Annual OPEB	N	let OPEB
Year Ended	 PEB Cost	C	ontribution	Cost Contributed		bligation
December 31, 2011	\$ 52,813	\$	10,505	19.9%	\$	195,941
December 31, 2012	52,015		19,301	37.1%		228,655
December 31, 2013	51,310		29,652	57.8%		250,313

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

I. Budgetary Information

A. Budget Policy

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before the last Tuesday in August of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds a public hearing, and then a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department head may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the departmental level.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following departments had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Ex	penditures	Budget	Excess
General Fund				
General government				
Commissioners	\$	219,488	\$ 217,801	\$ (1,687)
County administration		1,445	1,000	(445)
County auditor		11,507	10,000	(1,507)
Data processing		194,361	130,002	(64,359)
Buildings and grounds		309,925	307,521	(2,404)
Veterans service officer		80,041	78,226	(1,815)
Insurance		35,199	35,000	(199)
Public safety				
Sheriff		870,377	858,369	(12,008)
Coroner		28,577	12,258	(16,319)
County jail		1,095,280	1,053,663	(41,617)
Enhanced 911		56,580	16,500	(40,080)
Jail canteen fund		52,323	42,500	(9,823)
Law enforcement center		604,027	561,776	(42,251)
Probation and parole		43,539	37,000	(6,539)
Sentence to service		204,461	186,256	(18,205)
Toward zero deaths		15,695	-	(15,695)
Training		6,560	6,000	(560)
Victim assistance		56,348	46,500	(9,848)
Health				
Parenting education		3,153	3,000	(153)
Culture and recreation				
Snowmobile and ski trails		82,674	70,793	(11,881)
Other culture and recreation		2,500	-	(2,500)
Conservation of natural resources				

I. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget (Continued)

	Expenditures	Budget	Excess	
Agriculture inspection	50	40	(10)	
Soil and water conservation	175,798	148,978	(26,820)	
Economic development				
Economic development	5,050	5,000	(50)	
Capital outlay				
General government	36,564	30,000	(6,564)	
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund				
Highways and streets				
Administation	314,382	285,905	(28,477)	
Construction	1,889,926	850,000	(1,039,926)	
Township roads	180,880	-	(180,880)	
Human Services Special Revenue Fund				
Human services				
Income maintenance	1,477,378	1,398,926	(78,452)	
Capital outlay				
Human services	26,956	16,000	(10,956)	
Ditch Special Revenue Fund				
Conservation of natural resources				
Administration	12,193	-	(12,193)	
Middle River/Snake River Watershed	158	-	(158)	
Red Lake Watershed	1,461,467	-	(1,461,467)	
Debt service				
Interest	21,863	-	(21,863)	
Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund				
General government				
Oakland Park	5,350	-	(5,350)	
Capital outlay				
General government	194,279	-	(194,279)	

II. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The most recent actuarial valuation date is January 1, 2011. Since the last actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2008, the following actuarial assumptions have been changed:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- Claim costs were developed by age adjusting the premium information from Pennington County. As of January 1, 20011, premium information, actual claims and enrollment experience were used.

There have been no changes to the plan provisions since the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2008. Currently, only two year's actuarial data is available. Future notes will provide additional trend analysis to meet the three actuarial valuations requirement as it becomes available. For more information, refer to Schedules 6 and 7 of this section and the Notes to the Financial Statements Section V., Other Post-Employment Benefits.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

The <u>Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for and report proceeds from the sale or rental of lands forfeited to the State of Minnesota pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 282 and various forest and timber management grants. The net proceeds, after deducting allowable expenses, are restricted to various County funds and taxing districts. Titles to the tax-forfeited lands remains with the State until the lands are sold by the County.

The <u>Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for and report solid waste activities. Financing is provided by intergovernmental revenue and user service charges restricted and assigned to various sanitation purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The <u>Elevator and Long's Bridge Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for and report the financial resources restricted for the payment of capital improvements bonds, interest, and related costs. This fund was closed in 2013.

The <u>Highway Capital Improvement Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for and report the financial resources restricted for the payment of highway capital improvement bonds, interest, and related costs.

The <u>Law Enforcement Radio Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for and report the financial resources restricted for the payment of law enforcement radio bonds, interest, and related costs.

The <u>Minimum Security Facility Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for and report the financial resources restricted for the payment of minimum security facility bonds, interest, and related costs.

Statement 1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Special Revenue (Statement 3)		Debt Service (Statement 5)		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	708,822	\$	367,702	\$	1,076,524
Taxes receivable - prior		203		8,255		8,458
Accounts receivable		3,288		-		3,288
Advances to other funds		99,126				99,126
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	811,439	\$	375,957	\$	1,187,396
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	854	\$	-	\$	854
Due to other funds		87,084		-		87,084
Due to other governments		231				231
Total Liabilities	\$	88,169	\$		\$	88,169
Deferred Inflows						
Taxes	\$	148	\$	6,013	\$	6,161
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Advances to other funds	\$	99,126	\$	-	\$	99,126
Restricted for						
Debt service		-		369,944		369,944
Forfeited land		136,465		-		136,465
Assigned to sanitation		487,531		-		487,531
Total Fund Balances		723,122	\$	369,944	\$	1,093,066
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
and Fund Balances	\$	811,439	\$	375,957	\$	1,187,396

Statement 2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	:	Special Revenue (Statement 4)		Debt		Total Nonmajor Governmental	
				Service	Funds		
				(Statement 6)		(Exhibit 5)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	41	\$	244,171	\$	244,212	
Intergovernmental		55,950		7,218		63,168	
Land and timber sales		225,104		-		225,104	
Miscellaneous		15,688		-		15,688	
Total Revenues	\$	296,783	\$	251,389	\$	548,172	
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation	\$	74,889	\$	-	\$	74,889	
Conservation of natural resources		1,570		-		1,570	
Total Current	_\$	76,459	\$		\$	76,459	
Debt Service							
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	
Interest				35,661		35,661	
Total Debt Service	\$	-	\$	275,661	\$	275,661	
Total Expenditures	\$	76,459	\$	275,661	\$	352,120	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	220,324	\$	(24,272)	\$	196,052	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	10,840	\$	-	\$	10,840	
Transfers out		(87,084)		(49,166)		(136,250)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(76,244)	\$	(49,166)	\$	(125,410)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	144,080	\$	(73,438)	\$	70,642	
Fund Balance - January 1		579,042		443,382		1,022,424	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	723,122	\$	369,944	\$	1,093,066	

Statement 3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Forfeited Fax Sale	Solid Waste	Total (Statement 1)		
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 223,549	\$ 485,273	\$	708,822	
Taxes receivable - prior	-	203		203	
Accounts receivable	-	3,288		3,288	
Advances to other funds	 -	 99,126		99,126	
Total Assets	\$ 223,549	\$ 587,890	\$	811,439	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 854	\$	854	
Due to other funds	87,084	-		87,084	
Due to other governments	 =	 231		231	
Total Liabilities	\$ 87,084	\$ 1,085	\$	88,169	
Deferred Inflows					
Taxes	\$ 	\$ 148	\$	148	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Advances to other funds	-	99,126		99,126	
Restricted for forfeited land	136,465	-		136,465	
Assigned to sanitation	 -	 487,531		487,531	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 136,465	\$ 586,657	\$	723,122	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances	\$ 223,549	\$ 587,890	\$	811,439	

Statement 4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Corfeited Γax Sale	 Solid Waste	Total (Statement 2)		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 41	\$	41	
Intergovernmental		-	55,950		55,950	
Land and timber sales		225,104	-		225,104	
Miscellaneous		15	 15,673	-	15,688	
Total Revenues	\$	225,119	\$ 71,664	\$	296,783	
Expenditures						
Current						
Sanitation	\$	-	\$ 74,889	\$	74,889	
Conservation of natural resources		1,570	 -		1,570	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,570	\$ 74,889	\$	76,459	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	223,549	\$ (3,225)	\$	220,324	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$	_	\$ 10,840	\$	10,840	
Transfers out		(87,084)	 		(87,084)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(87,084)	\$ 10,840	\$	(76,244)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	136,465	\$ 7,615	\$	144,080	
Fund Balance - January 1			 579,042		579,042	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	136,465	\$ 586,657	\$	723,122	

Statement 5

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Highway Capital Improvement		Law Enforcement Radio		Minimum Security Facility		Total (Statement 1)	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	199,432	\$	81,931	\$	86,339	\$	367,702
Taxes receivable - prior		4,573		1,604		2,078		8,255
Total Assets	\$	204,005	\$	83,535	\$	88,417	\$	375,957
<u>Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</u>								
Deferred Inflows								
Taxes	\$	3,331	\$	1,168	\$	1,514	\$	6,013
Fund Balances								
Restricted for debt service		200,674		82,367		86,903		369,944
Total Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	204,005	\$	83,535	\$	88,417	\$	375,957

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Elevator and Long's Bridge				
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	145,818		
Intergovernmental	 -		4,313		
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$	150,131		
Expenditures					
Debt Service					
Principal retirement	\$ -	\$	115,000		
Interest	 -		28,238		
Total Expenditures	\$ 	\$	143,238		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	6,893		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	\$ (49,166)	\$			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (49,166)	\$	6,893		
Fund Balance - January 1	 49,166		193,781		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 	\$	200,674		

Statement 6

Law Enforcement Radio		num Security Facility	Total (Statement 2)			
\$	53,663 1,597	\$ 44,690 1,308	\$	244,171 7,218		
\$	55,260	\$ 45,998	\$	251,389		
\$	60,000 4,136	\$ 65,000 3,287	\$	240,000 35,661		
\$	64,136	\$ 68,287	\$	275,661		
\$	(8,876)	\$ (22,289)	\$	(24,272)		
		 -	\$	(49,166)		
\$	(8,876)	\$ (22,289)	\$	(73,438)		
	91,243	109,192		443,382		
\$	82,367	\$ 86,903	\$	369,944		

Schedule 8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FORFEITED TAX SALE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenues								
Land and timber sales	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	225,104	\$	215,104
Miscellaneous	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	15	Ψ	15
Total Revenues	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	225,119	\$	215,119
Expenditures								
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Forfeited land		10,000		10,000		1,570		8,430
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	223,549	\$	223,549
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		-		-		(87,084)		(87,084)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,465	\$	136,465
Fund Balance - January 1				-				-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$		\$		\$	136,465	\$	136,465

Schedule 9

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original			Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41	\$	41
Intergovernmental		55,000		55,000		55,950		950
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		15,673		5,673
Total Revenues	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	71,664	\$	6,664
Expenditures								
Current								
Sanitation								
Solid waste	\$	8,400	\$	8,400	\$	21,313	\$	(12,913)
Recycling		55,000		55,000		53,576		1,424
Total Expenditures	\$	63,400	\$	63,400	\$	74,889	\$	(11,489)
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	\$	1,600	\$	1,600	\$	(3,225)	\$	(4,825)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-				10,840		10,840
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,600	\$	1,600	\$	7,615	\$	6,015
Fund Balance - January 1		579,042		579,042		579,042		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	580,642	\$	580,642	\$	586,657	\$	6,015

Schedule 10

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HIGHWAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budgeted	Amoun	ats		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	149,080	\$	149,080	\$	145,818	\$	(3,262)	
Intergovernmental		1,700		1,700		4,313		2,613	
Total Revenues	\$	150,780	\$	150,780	\$	150,131	\$	(649)	
Expenditures									
Debt service Principal retirement	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	_	
Interest	Ψ	28,275	Ψ	28,275	Ψ	28,238	Ψ	37	
Total Expenditures	\$	143,275	\$	143,275	\$	143,238	\$	37	
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	\$	7,505	\$	7,505	\$	6,893	\$	(612)	
Fund Balance - January 1		193,781		193,781		193,781			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	201,286	\$	201,286	\$	200,674	\$	(612)	

Schedule 11

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW ENFORCEMENT RADIO DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts	 (Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 55,970	\$	55,970	\$	53,663	\$ (2,307)	
Intergovernmental	 375		375		1,597	 1,222	
Total Revenues	\$ 56,345	\$	56,345	\$	55,260	\$ (1,085)	
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal retirement	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$ -	
Interest	 4,155		4,155		4,136	 19	
Total Expenditures	\$ 64,155	\$	64,155	\$	64,136	\$ 19	
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (7,810)	\$	(7,810)	\$	(8,876)	\$ (1,066)	
Fund Balance - January 1	 91,243		91,243		91,243	 <u> </u>	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 83,433	\$	83,433	\$	82,367	\$ (1,066)	

Schedule 12

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MINIMUM SECURITY FACILITY DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts			(Negative)	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	46,400	\$	46,400	\$	44,690	\$	(1,710)	
Intergovernmental		400		400		1,308		908	
Total Revenues	\$	46,800	\$	46,800	\$	45,998	\$	(802)	
Expenditures									
Debt service Principal retirement	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$		
Interest	Ψ 	3,325	Ψ	3,325	Ψ 	3,287	Ψ	38	
Total Expenditures	\$	68,325	\$	68,325	\$	68,287	\$	38	
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures	\$	(21,525)	\$	(21,525)	\$	(22,289)	\$	(764)	
Fund Balance - January 1		109,192		109,192		109,192		<u> </u>	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	87,667	\$	87,667	\$	86,903	\$	(764)	

AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>Group Insurance Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the employer's share of group insurance. Funds are provided for payment of the insurance from the General Fund and special revenue funds.

The <u>Inter-County Nursing Service Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the cash transactions of the Inter-County Nursing Service.

The <u>Northwest Minnesota Housing Redevelopment Authority Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to the Northwest Minnesota Housing and Redevelopment Authority.

The <u>Northwest Regional Development Commission Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to the Northwest Regional Development Commission.

The <u>Prepaid Taxes Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of taxes prior to the preparation of tax statements or prior to January 1 of the year due.

The <u>School Districts Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to school districts.

The <u>State Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to the State of Minnesota.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of taxes, penalties, and special assessments and their payment to the various County funds and taxing districts.

The <u>Towns and Cities Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to towns and cities.

The <u>Watersheds Agency Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due to watershed districts.

Statement 7

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31
GROUP INSURANCE				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 24,455	\$ 1,574,803	\$ 1,581,976	\$ 17,282
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 24,455	\$ 1,574,803	\$ 1,581,976	\$ 17,282
INTER-COUNTY NURSING SERVICE				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 257,774	\$ 962,192	\$ 988,122	\$ 231,844
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	\$ 257,774	\$ 962,192	\$ 988,122	\$ 231,844
NORTHWEST MINNESOTA HOUSING REDEVELOPMENT AUTH	<u>ORITY</u>			
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	<u> </u>	\$ 39,512	\$ 39,512	<u> </u>
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 39,512	\$ 39,512	<u>\$</u> -
NORTHWEST REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	<u> </u>	\$ 25,277	\$ 25,277	<u>\$</u> -
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	\$ -	\$ 25,277	\$ 25,277	\$ -

Statement 7 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Balance January 1	<u> </u>	Additio	ons	I	Deductions	D	Balance December 31	
PREPAID TAXES									
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 25,	455 5	\$:	34,035	\$	40,337	\$	19,153	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Due to other funds	\$ 25,	455 5	\$:	34,035	\$	40,337	\$	19,153	
SCHOOL DISTRICTS									
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and pooled investments	\$ -		\$ 5,04	46,243	\$	5,046,243	\$		
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Due to other governments	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	5,04	46,243	\$	5,046,243	\$		
STATE									
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 36,	,239	\$ 1,98	83,367	\$	1,993,703	\$	25,903	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Due to other governments	\$ 36,	,239 _	1,98	83,367	\$	1,993,703	\$	25,903	
TAXES AND PENALTIES									
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ 255, 25,	,770 S		38,494 19,153	\$	17,618,765 25,455	\$	175,499 19,153	
Total Assets	\$ 281,	,225	\$ 17,5	57,647	\$	17,644,220	\$	194,652	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Due to other governments	\$ 281,	,225	17,5	57,647	\$	17,644,220	\$	194,652	

Statement 7 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Balance muary 1	Additions	 Deductions	I	Balance December 31
TOWNS AND CITIES					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 	\$ 2,802,639	\$ 2,802,627	\$	12
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 	\$ 2,802,639	\$ 2,802,627	\$	12
WATERSHEDS					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 	\$ 529,108	\$ 529,108	\$	<u> </u>
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 	\$ 529,108	\$ 529,108	\$	<u> </u>
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ 599,693 25,455	\$ 30,535,670 19,153	\$ 30,665,670 25,455	\$	469,693 19,153
Total Assets	\$ 625,148	\$ 30,554,823	\$ 30,691,125	\$	488,846
<u>Liabilities</u>					·
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 24,455 25,455 575,238	\$ 1,574,803 34,035 28,945,985	\$ 1,581,976 40,337 29,068,812	\$	17,282 19,153 452,411
Total Liabilities	\$ 625,148	\$ 30,554,823	\$ 30,691,125	\$	488,846

Schedule 13

BALANCE SHEET - BY DITCH DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Special	Special				
	Cash and Pooled Investments			Due from Other Ditches	Assessments Receivable Noncurrent	Total Assets	
County Ditches	mvestments		Governments	Other Ditches	Noncurrent	Assets	
1 - Rocksbury/North	\$ 1,402	\$ 44	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,446	
1 - Rocksbury/Sanders	9,236	y 	φ - -	φ -	φ - -	9.236	
16	8,795	24	_	_	-	8,819	
21	4,598	15	_	_	_	4,613	
22	-	-	_	_	_	-,013	
32	14,114	33	_	_	_	14,147	
33	777	5	_	_	_	782	
35	11,968	22	_	_	_	11,990	
36	34,718	61				34,779	
37	1,255	243	-	_	_	1,498	
38	2,113	564	-	-	_	2,677	
39	45,403	196				45,599	
41	(6,439)	745				(5,694)	
42	1,483	84				1,567	
43	1,774	216	-	_	_	1,990	
44	29,745	91	-	-	-	29,836	
45	9,173	55	-	-	-	9,228	
46	7,326	33	-	-	=	7,326	
46		5	-	-	=		
53	1,313 1,336	19	-	-	-	1,318 1,355	
55	2,094	19	-	-	-		
			-	-	-	2,113	
57	1,785	60	-	-	-	1,845	
58	14,234	68	-	-	-	14,302	
59	1,317	86	-	-	-	1,403	
62	7,880	379	-	-	-	8,259	
70	62,497	116	-	-	-	62,613	
71	6,933	-	-	-	-	6,933	
73	1,307	-	-	-	-	1,307	
74	1,905	-	-	-	-	1,905	
75	16,623	310	-	-	-	16,933	
77	18,590	-	-	. .	-	18,590	
96	11,196	472	-	54,000	-	65,668	
109-2	260	3	-	-	21,079	21,342	
Joint County Ditches							
1	14,325	138	-	-	-	14,463	
11	9,655	82	-	-	-	9,737	
13	60,723	1,009	931	-	-	62,663	
15	15,757	682	-	-	-	16,439	
18	27,948	236	344	-	-	28,528	
25 - Branch 3	11,923	86	-	120,000	-	132,009	
30	59,524	235	70	-	-	59,829	
30 - Branch A	2,335	-	-	-	-	2,335	
31	10,134	-	19	-	-	10,153	
60	501	7	-	-	-	508	
13 Red Lk/Penn	6,859	-	-	-	-	6,859	
Watershed Ditches							
JD 14	-	-	-	-	-	-	
109 - Red Lk Watershed	-	-	-	-	-	-	
122 - Challenger Project	125	167	-	-	-	292	
Red Lake Watershed 13	2,251	1,653	-	-	75,544	79,448	
Red Lake Watershed 14	45,201	463	-	-	539,546	585,210	
RLWD - Water Mngmt District 1	44,873	1,653			445,619	492,145	
Total	\$ 638,845	\$ 10,346	\$ 1,364	\$ 174,000	\$ 1,081,788	\$ 1,906,343	

Schedule 13

PENNINGTON COUNTY THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA

BALANCE SHEET - BY DITCH DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Liabilities						Total Liabilities,	
	Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Due to Other Governments	Advances from Other Funds	Due to Other Ditches	Total Liabilities	Deferred Inflows	Restricted for Conservation of Natural Resources	Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances
County Ditches									
1 - Rocksbury/North	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32	\$ 1,414	
1 - Rocksbury/Sanders	=	-	-	-	-	-		9,236	9,236
16	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	8,802	8,819
21	-	-	-	- 220	-	- 220	11	4,602	4,613
22	-	-	-	228	-	228	- 24	(228)	- 14.147
32	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	24	14,123	14,147
33 35	-	-	-	-	4,000	4,000	4	(3,222)	782
35 36	1,540	-	-	-		1,540	16 44	11,974 33,195	11,990 34,779
36 37	1,540	398	-	-	38,000	38,398	177	(37,077)	1,498
38	-	398	-	-	25,000	25,000	411	(22,734)	2,677
39	-	- 88	-	-	50,000	50,088	143		45,599
41	-	00	-	-	3,000	3,000	543	(4,632) (9,237)	
41 42	-	-	-	-	22,000	22,000	61	(20,494)	(5,694) 1,567
42	-	-	-	-	12,000	12,000	157	(10,167)	1,990
43	-	-	-	-	12,000	12,000	66	29,770	29,836
44 45	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	9,188	9,228
46	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	7,326	7,326
47	-	660	-	-	5,000	5,660	- 4	(4,346)	1,318
53	-	000	-	-	4,000	4,000	14	(2,659)	1,355
55	-	-	-	-	8,000	8,000	14	(5,901)	2,113
57	-	-	-	-	3,000	3,000	44	(1,199)	1,845
58	-	-	-	-	3,000	5,000	49	14,253	14,302
59	-	-	-	-	-	-	63		
62	-	(520)	-	-	-	(520)	276	1,340	1,403
70	-	(520)	-	-	-	(520)	84	8,503 62,529	8,259
70 71	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	62,329	62,613 6,933
73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,307	1,307
74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,905	1,905
74 75	-	100	-	-	-	100	226		16,933
73 77	-	100	-	-	-	100	- 220	16,607 18,590	18,590
96	1.540	354	-	-	-	1,894	344		
109-2	1,540	354	-	20,281	-	20,281	21,081	63,430	65,668 21,342
	-	-	-	20,281	-	20,281	21,081	(20,020)	21,342
Joint County Ditches			462			462	101	13,900	14.462
1 11	-	-	247	-	-	247	60		14,463
13	-	-	86	-	-	86	735	9,430	9,737
15	-	-	325	-	-	325	497	61,842 15,617	62,663 16,439
18	-	-	323	-	-	323	172	28,356	28,528
25 - Branch 3	-	695	-	-	-	695	62	131,252	132,009
25 - Branch 5 30	-	093	-	-	-	093	62 171	59,658	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/1		59,829
30 - Branch A	-	-	120	-	-	120	-	2,335	2,335
31 60	-	-	129 118	-	-	129 118	- 5	10,024 385	10,153 508
	-	-	118	-	-	118	3		
31 Red Lk/Penn	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,859	6,859
Watershed Ditches JD 14									
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
109 - Red Lk Watershed	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 100	- 170	- 202
122 - Challenger Project	-	-	-	79.617	-	70.617	122	170	292
Red Lake Watershed 13	-	-	-	78,617	-	78,617	76,748	(75,917)	79,448
Red Lake Watershed 14 RLWD - Water Mngmt District 1							539,883 446,823	45,327 45,322	585,210 492,145
Total	\$ 3,080	\$1,775_	\$1,367_	\$ 99,126	\$ 174,000	\$ 279,348	\$ 1,089,324	\$ 537,671	\$ 1,906,343

Schedule 14

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Shared Revenue		
State		
County program aid	\$	614,925
Disparity reduction aid	Ψ	94,082
Enhanced 911		86,263
Highway users tax		2,924,434
Market value credit		86,717
PERA rate reimbursement		16,384
Police state aid		50,669
Toffee state and		30,002
Total Shared Revenue	\$	3,873,474
Payments		
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	37,393
Red Lake County		905,367
Total Payments	\$	942,760
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board of Corrections	¢	41.501
Human Services	\$	41,501
Natural Resources		747,686 87,650
Peace Officers Standards and Training		3,418
Pollution Control		55,950
Public Safety		37,566
Transportation		57,282
Water and Soil Resources		99,093
Total State		1,130,146
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	101,549
Interior	-	1,731
Transportation		17,878
Health and Human Services		1,237,902
Homeland Security		87,928
Total Federal	\$	1,446,988
A OME A COCKE	Ψ	1,770,700
Total Grants		2,577,134
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		7,393,368



Schedule 15

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Pennington County.
- B. Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of Pennington County and are reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." The significant deficiencies were not material weaknesses.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Pennington County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award program was reported in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award program for Pennington County expresses an unmodified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major program was:

Medical Assistance Program, CFDA #93.778

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Pennington County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

Schedule 15 (Continued)

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

96-1 <u>Segregation of Duties</u>

Due to the limited number of personnel within several County offices, segregation of accounting duties necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Pennington County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting control point of view.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis.

We recommend that Pennington County's management be aware of the absence of segregation of duties within the accounting and data processing functions and, if possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff.

County's Response:

Management is aware of this and will provide oversight where needed.

07-1 Internal Controls

The financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the County's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Internal control over the safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include controls related to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally, controls that are relevant to an audit of financial statements are those that pertain to the County's objective of reliable financial reporting. In this section, the term financial reporting relates to the preparation of reliable financial statements that are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Management must implement internal controls over financial reporting and safeguarding of assets, and continue to be aware of their responsibility and to maintain suitable skills, knowledge, and expertise to sufficiently review, understand, and approve the County's financial statements, including notes.

Schedule 15 (Continued)

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

96-7 Ditch Special Revenue Fund Balance Deficits

Fourteen of the 50 active individual ditch systems had deficit fund balances at December 31, 2013, totaling \$217,833, the largest being \$75,917. Minnesota Statute, \S 103E.735, subdivision 1, provides that a fund balance to be used for repairs may be established for any drainage system, not to exceed 20 percent of the assessed benefits of the ditch system or \$40,000, whichever is larger.

We recommend that the County eliminate the individual ditch system fund balance deficits by levying assessments pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 103E.735, which permits the accumulation of a surplus balance for future repairs and maintenance costs of a ditch system.

County's Response:

The County Board levies each year in an attempt to provide enough funds to cover estimated work planned for in the coming year. Sometimes more work is required than the County Board feels the benefited owners can afford to pay in one year. The Board then spreads the levy over a number of years.

HOFFMAN, DALE, & SWENSON, PLLC



GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES

Colleen Hoffman, Manager Gordon Dale, CPA Audrey Swenson, CPA

1541 Hwy. 59 South
Thief River Falls, MN 56701
Phone: 218-681-4079
Fax: 218-681-4079
choffman@mncable.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Pennington County

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pennington County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pennington County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 96-1 and 07-1, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pennington County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as a management practices comment, item 96-7.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute, § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

County's Responses to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit have been included in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control, compliance and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hoffman, Dale, & Swenson, PLLC

Haffman, Dale, & Swanson

September 5, 2014

HOFFMAN, DALE, & SWENSON, PLLC



GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES

Colleen Hoffman, Manager Gordon Dale, CPA Audrey Swenson, CPA

1541 Hwy. 59 South Thief River Falls, MN 56701 Phone: 218-681-4079 Fax: 218-681-4079 choffman@mncable.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Pennington County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pennington County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The County's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Pennington County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, Pennington County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Pennington County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pennington County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic

financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hoffman, Dale, & Swenson, PLLC

Haffman, Dale, & Swenson

September 5, 2014

Schedule 16

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Federal Grantor Pass Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	\$ 101,549		
U.S. Department of the Interior Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education	15.611	\$ 1,731		
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Sate and Community Highway Safety	20.600	\$ 17,878		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Northwest Regional Development Commission/Northwest Are Agency on Aging	ea			
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III B	93.044	\$ 11,098		
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	1,254		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	118,875		
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	377,979		
Refugee and Entrant Assistance	93.566	258		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	3,122		
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	950		
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	56,357		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	114,091		
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	242		
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	47		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	553,629		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$ 1,237,902		
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	\$ 68,378		
Passed Through Headwaters Regional Development Commission Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	19,550		
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$ 87,928		
Total Federal Awards		\$ 1,446,988		

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

I. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Pennington County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note I to the financial statements.

II. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Pennington County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2013. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Pennington County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Pennington County.

III. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

IV. Subrecipients

During 2013, the County did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.

V. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requires recipients to clearly distinguish ARRA funds from non-ARRA funding. In 2013, the County had no funds designated as ARRA funds